



# Forecasted size of measles outbreaks associated with vaccination exemptions for school children

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# Collaborators

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Mark Roberts

# Overview



Measles



Agent-based models



Texas measles simulations



Results



Conclusions

# Overview



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Results



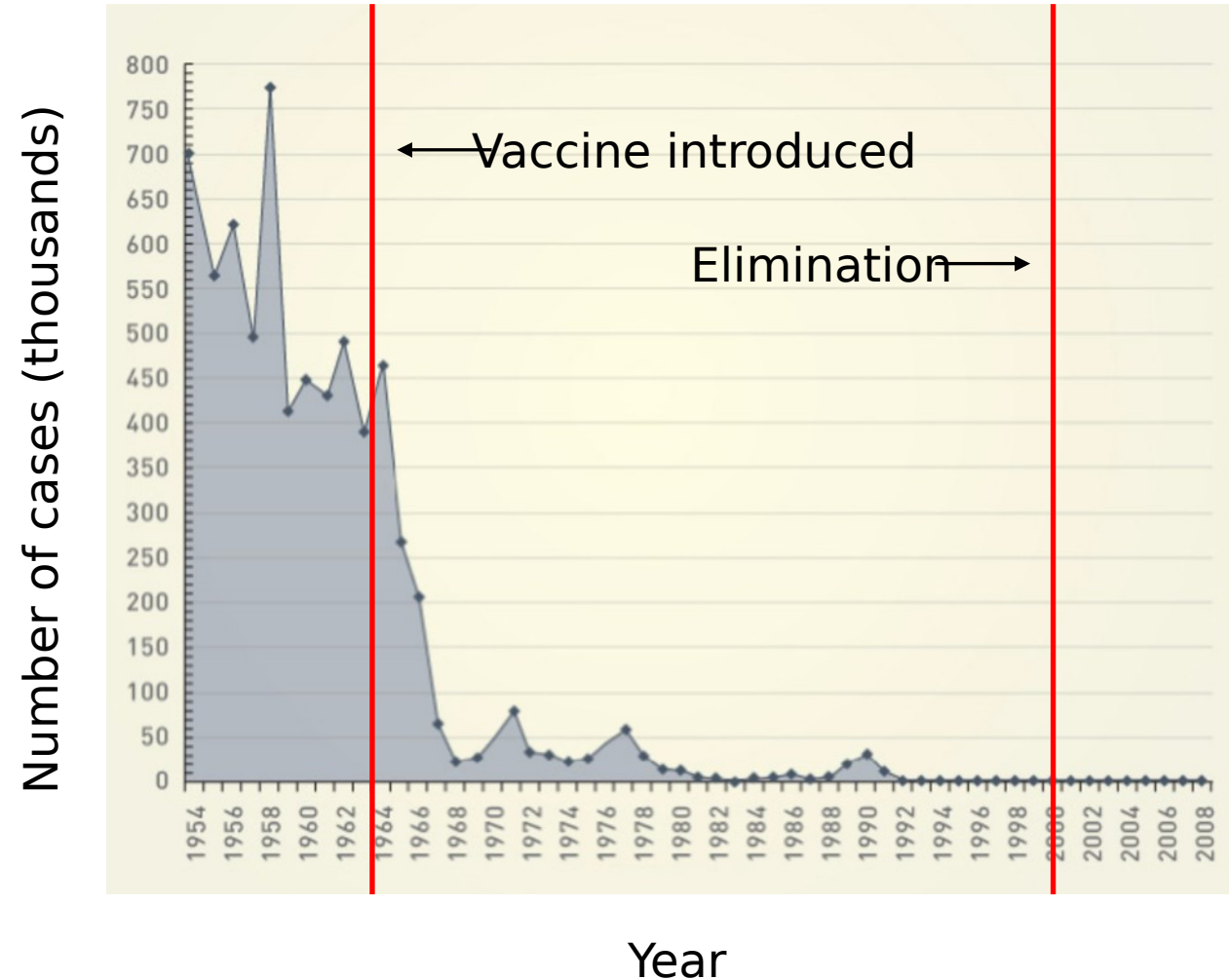
Conclusions

# Measles

- Highly contagious
- Complications: pneumonia, brain damage, hearing loss, death
- MMR vaccine – 97% effective (2 doses)

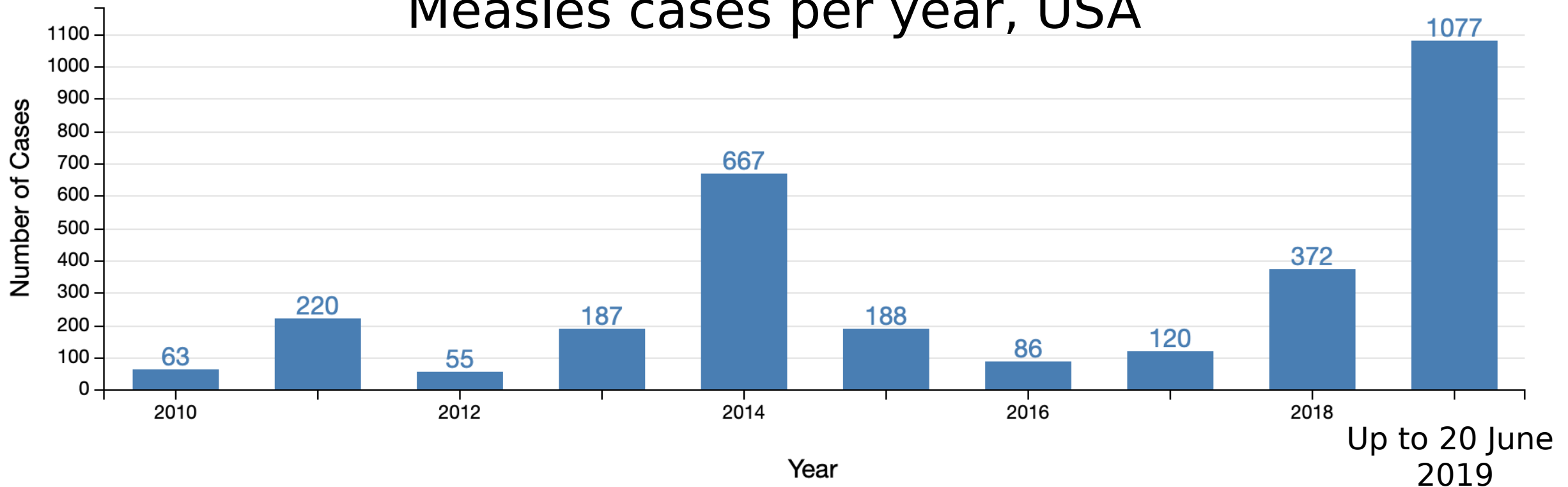


# Measles in the United States



# Measles resurgent

Measles cases per year, USA



(India: 47 000 cases May 2018 – April 2019)



# Vaccination requirements

- School students require vaccination
- or an exemption:
  - Medical
  - Personal
  - Religious



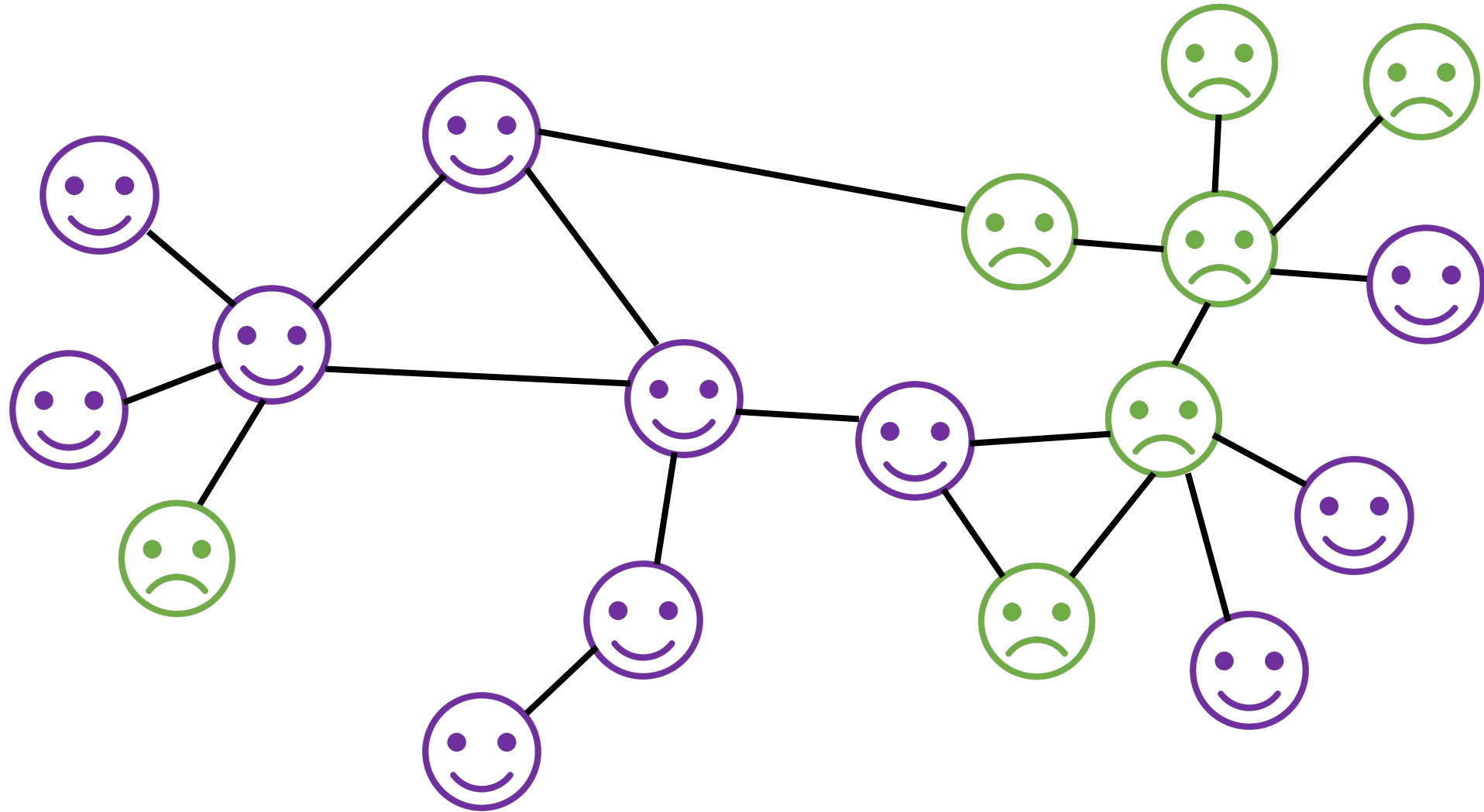




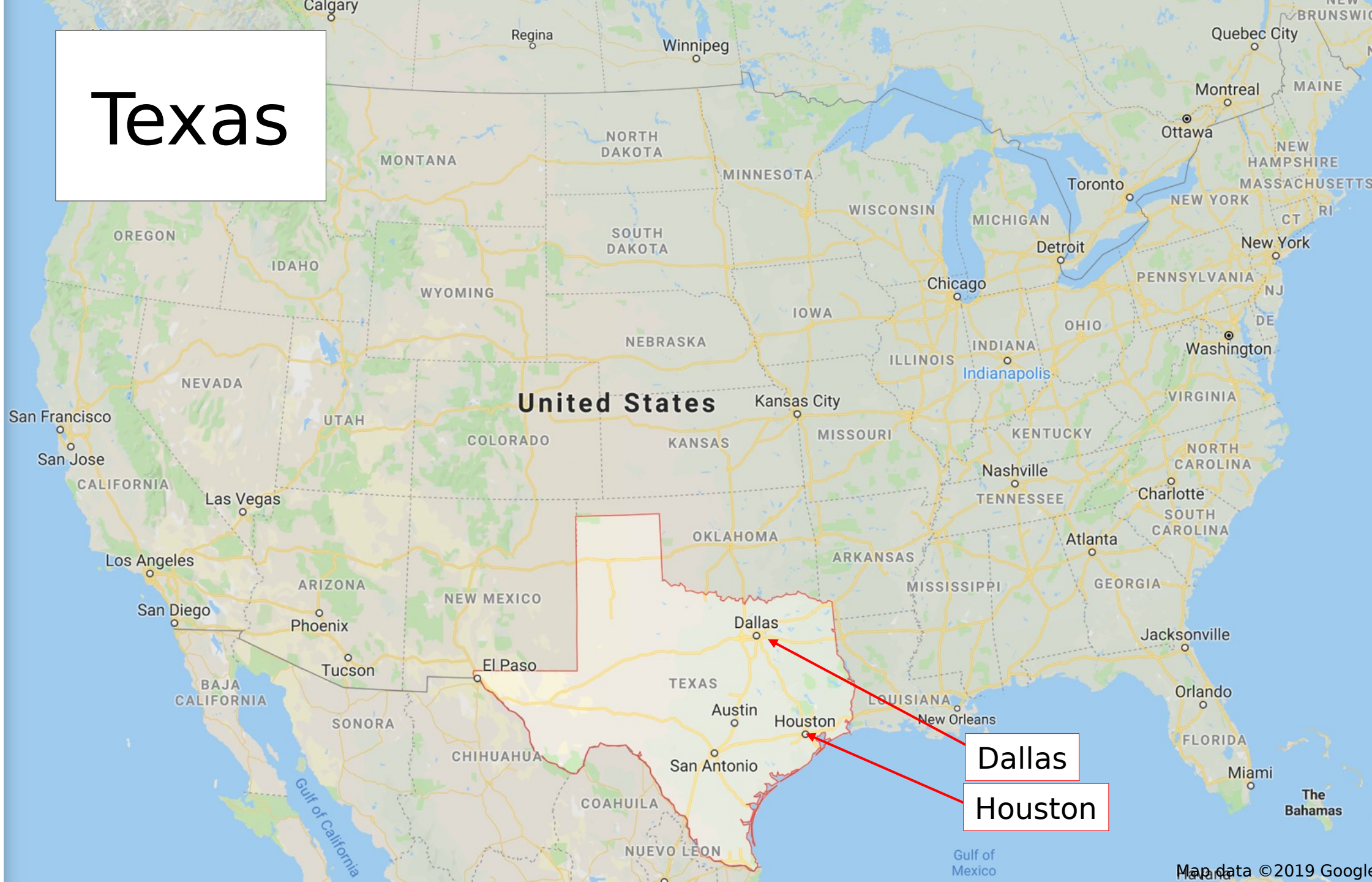
# Vaccination exemptions

- Concerns of vaccine side-effects
- Low perceived susceptibility and severity of measles
- Social influences

# Clustering of vaccine hesitancy



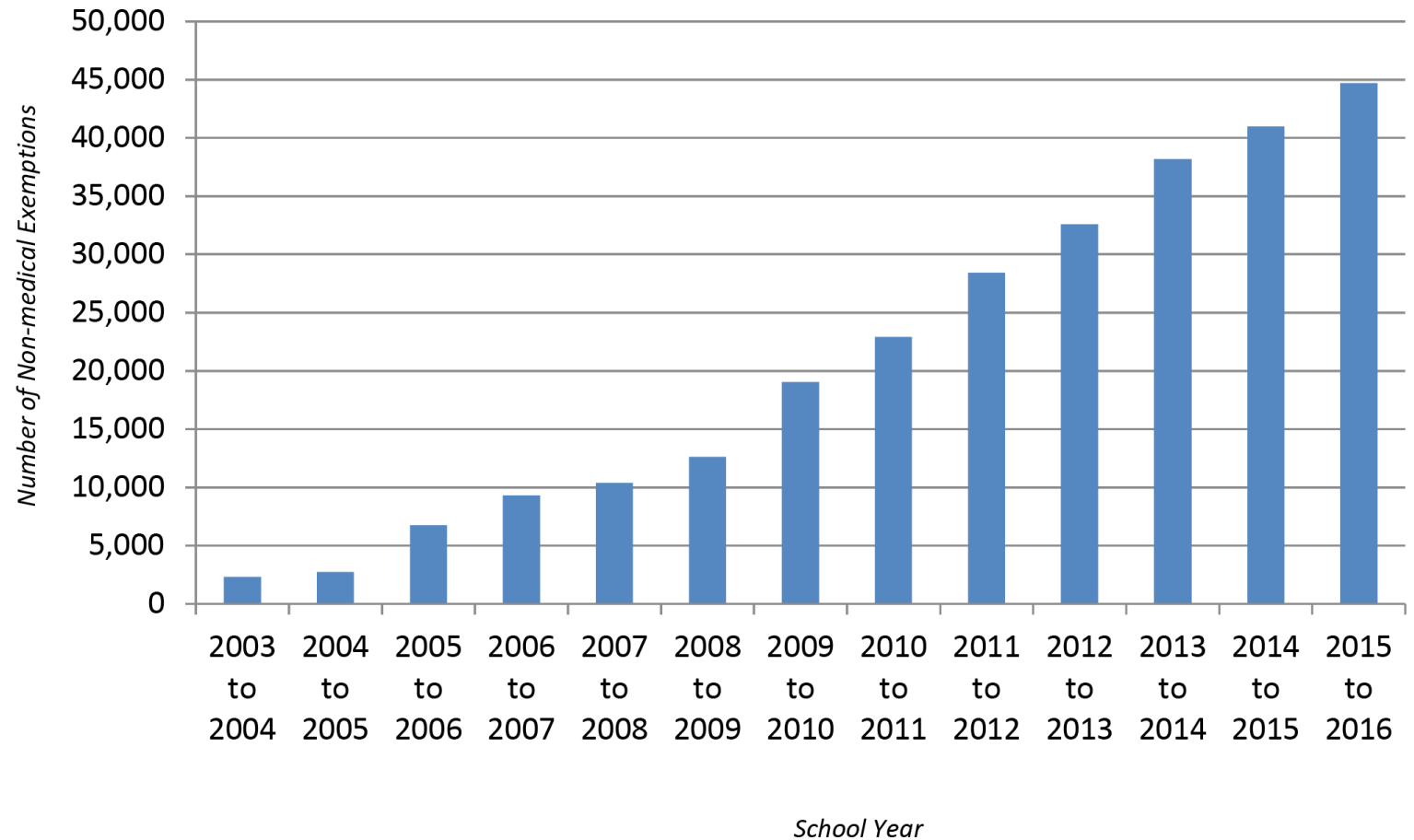
# Texas



Dallas

Houston

## Texas: non-medical exemptions



 **THE TEXAS TRIBUNE** April 26, 2019

**Some lawmakers want Texas to release vaccine opt-out rates for each school, not just for districts**

 **OBSERVER** March 21, 2018

**Anti-Vaxxers are Claiming Victory After Texas Primaries. Will Their Influence Grow?**



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# Agent-based / Individual-based models



COMPRISES A COLLECTION  
OF AGENTS



AGENTS FOLLOW RULES



AGENT BEHAVIOR CAN  
ADAPT



BEHAVIOR AND  
INTERACTIONS OF AGENTS  
GENERATE POPULATION-  
LEVEL PHENOMENA



# Agent-based / Individual-based models

## Pros:

- Heterogeneous agents
- Agents have memory
- Spatial dependence

## Cons:

- Parameterization
- Computationally intensive
- Learning curve



# FRED

- **FRED** is a Framework for Reconstructing Epidemiological Dynamics
- **Framework:** FRED is not a model. FRED is a tool for building epidemiological agent-based models

# Foundational Concepts in FRED



## Agent

Individual person



## Space

Three-dimensional geography based on actual locations



## Time

Time step = 1 hour (agents have multiple serial activities per day)  
Duration = 1 day to 100 years



## Places (mixing groups for agents)

Households, neighborhoods, workplaces, schools  
Flexibly create additional places



## Population

Based on census data and other sources  
Agents are associated with specific places

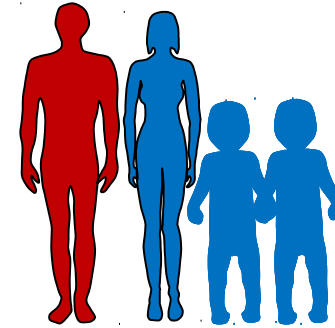
# FRED Daily Dynamics



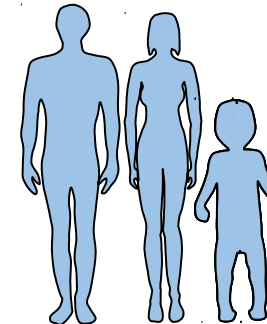
Location and size  
of each school



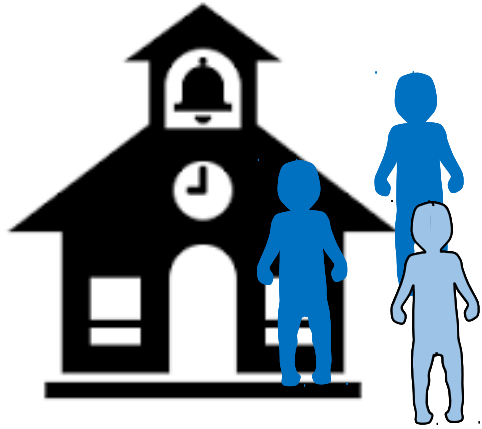
Household size,  
ethnicity, ages,  
income



Location and size  
of each workplace



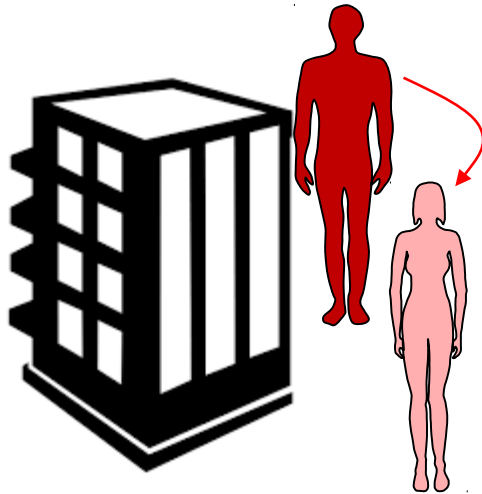
# FRED Daily Dynamics



Location and size  
of each school



Household size,  
ethnicity, ages,  
income



Location and size  
of each workplace



# FRED Daily Dynamics



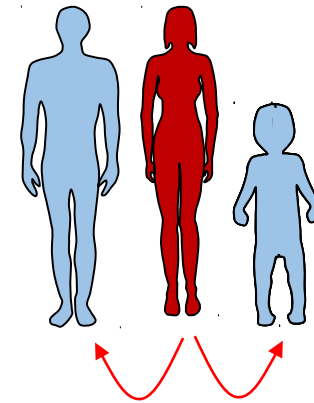
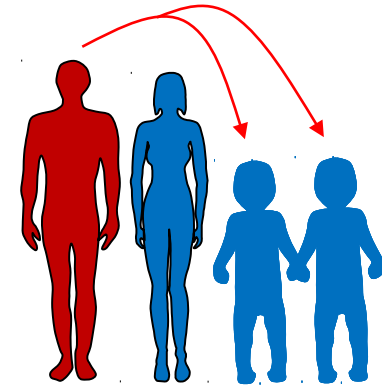
Location and size  
of each school



Location and size  
of each workplace



Household size,  
ethnicity, ages,  
income

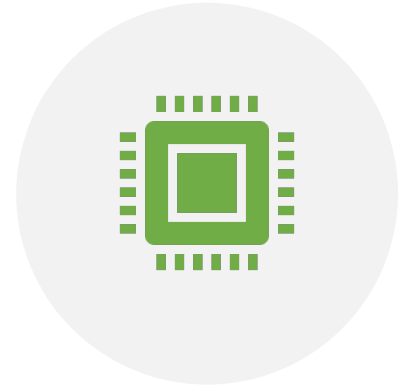


FRED

## BARRIERS TO USE



LEARNING  
CURVE



COMPUTING  
RESOURCES



# FRED Web



Online platform for creating, running & analyzing agent-based models in FRED



Graphical User Interface



Simulations run on dedicated server



Plotting and mapping tools for data analysis

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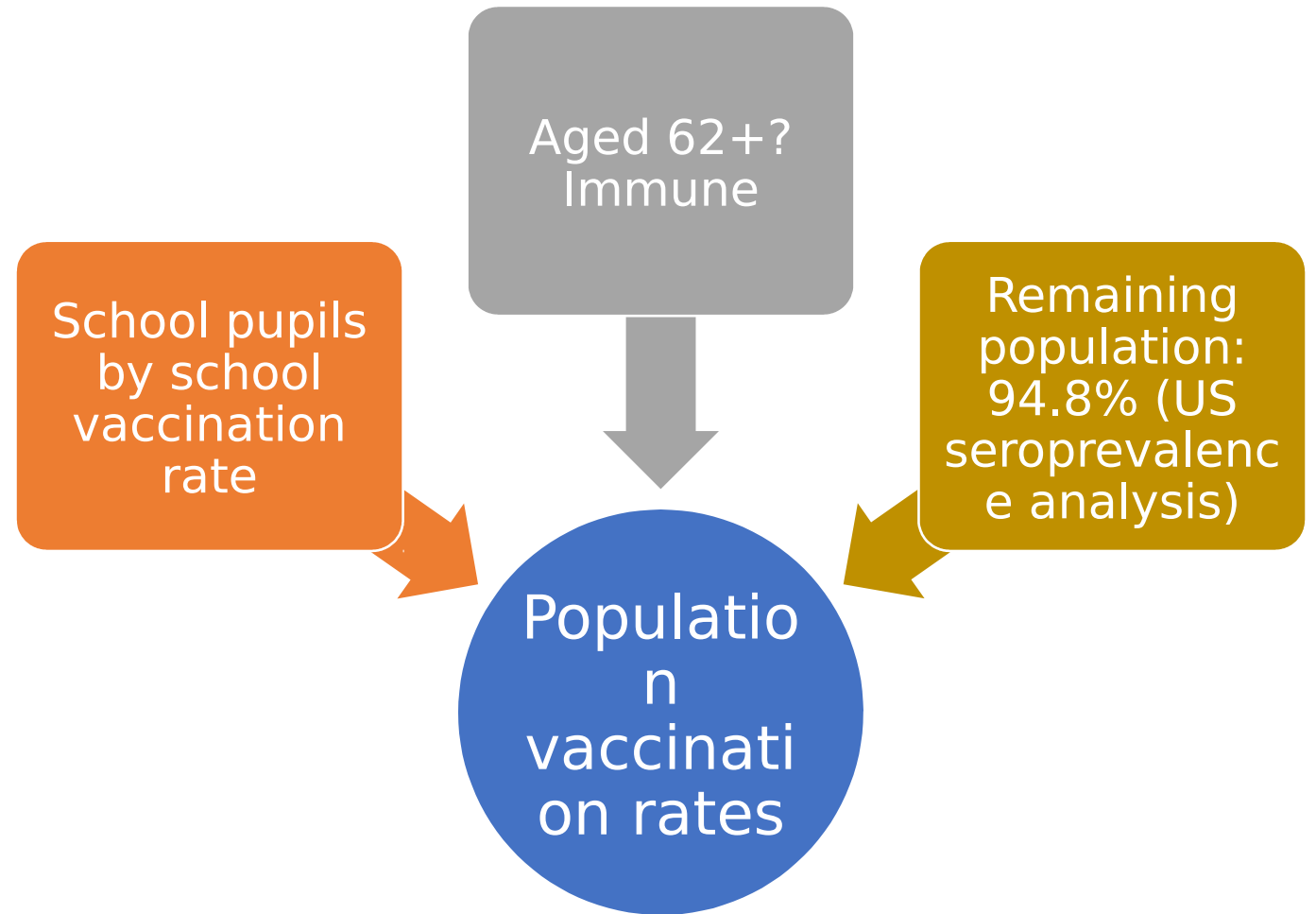


Results

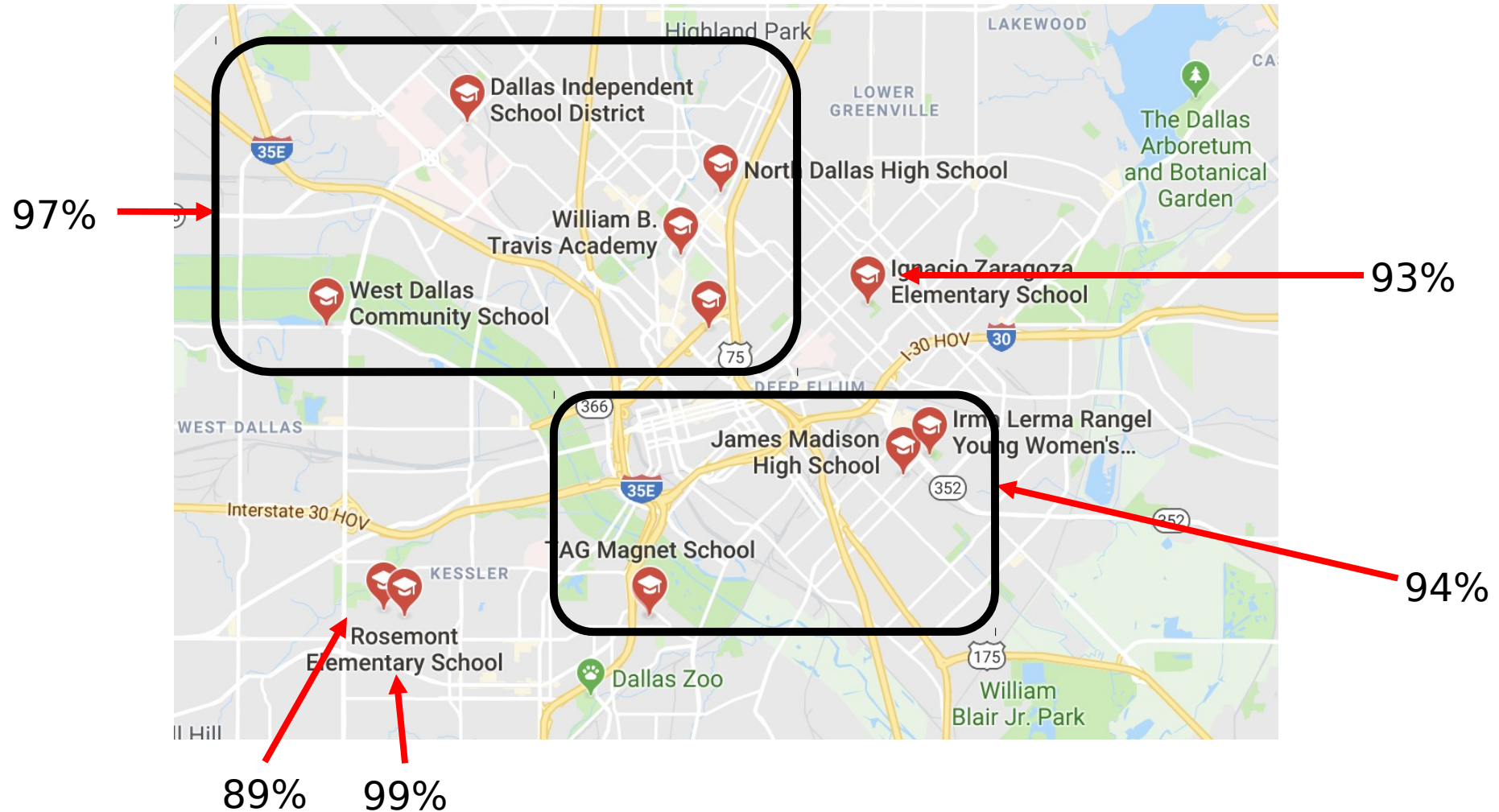


Conclusions

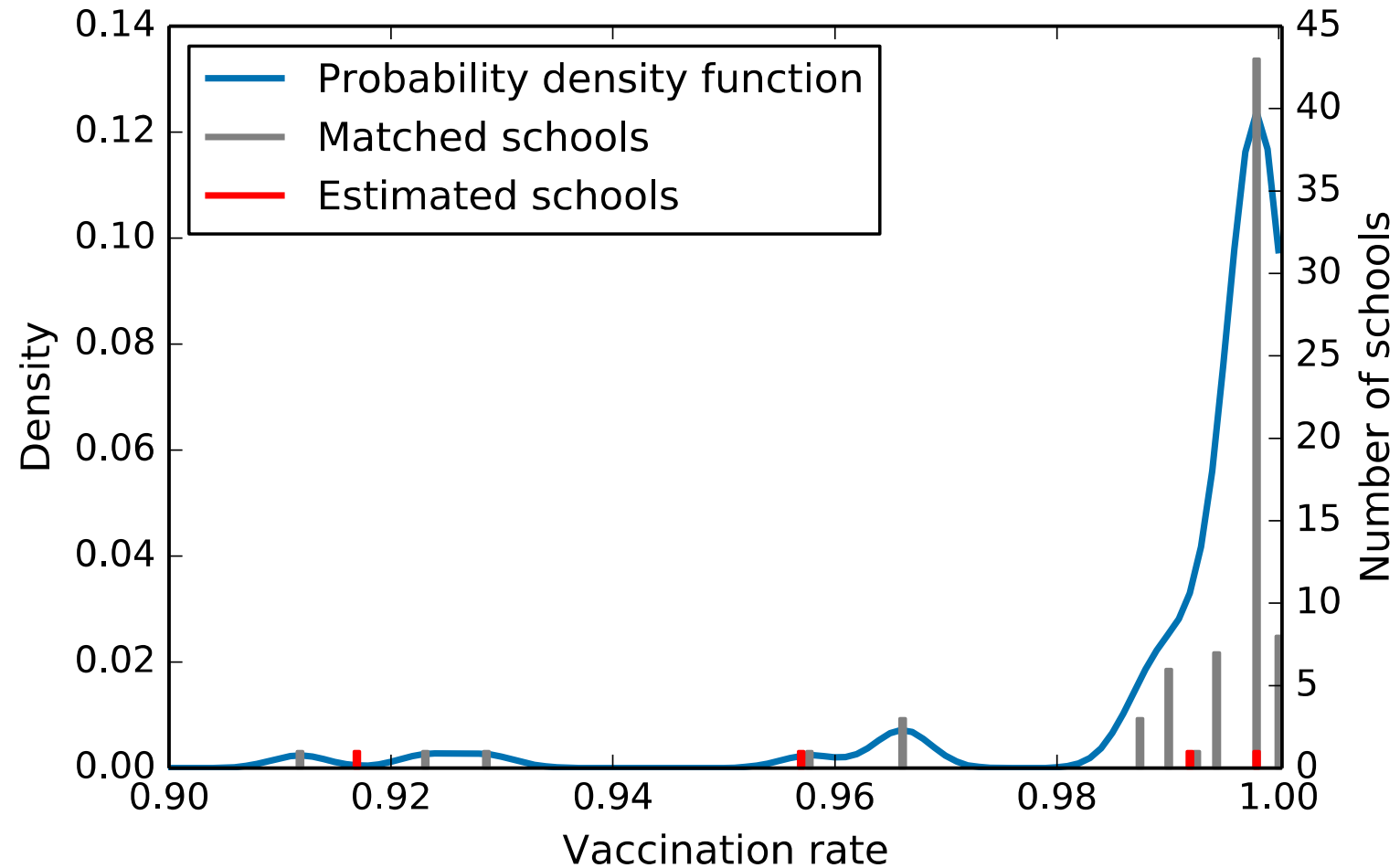
# Vaccinate population



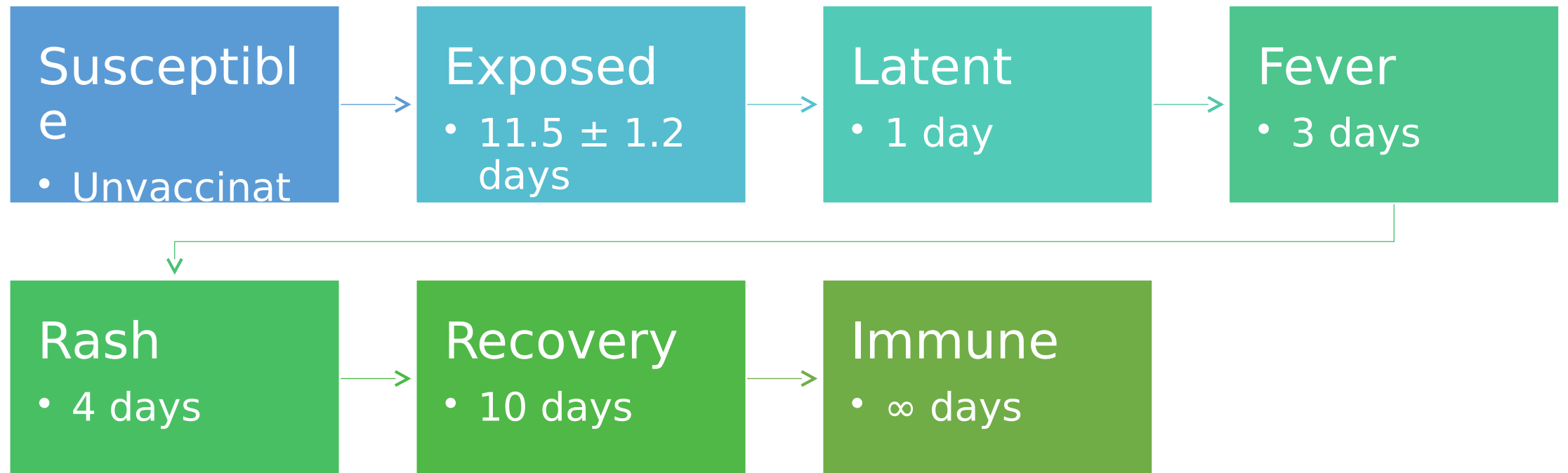
# Assign vaccination rates to schools



# Missing schools



# Measles state model



# Simulations

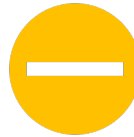
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Infect one  
randomly  
pupil with  
non-  
medical  
exemption



Count  
cases for 9  
simulated  
months



No  
interventio  
ns



Simulate  
each  
metropolit  
an area in  
Texas



Current  
and  
decreased  
vaccinatio  
n rates



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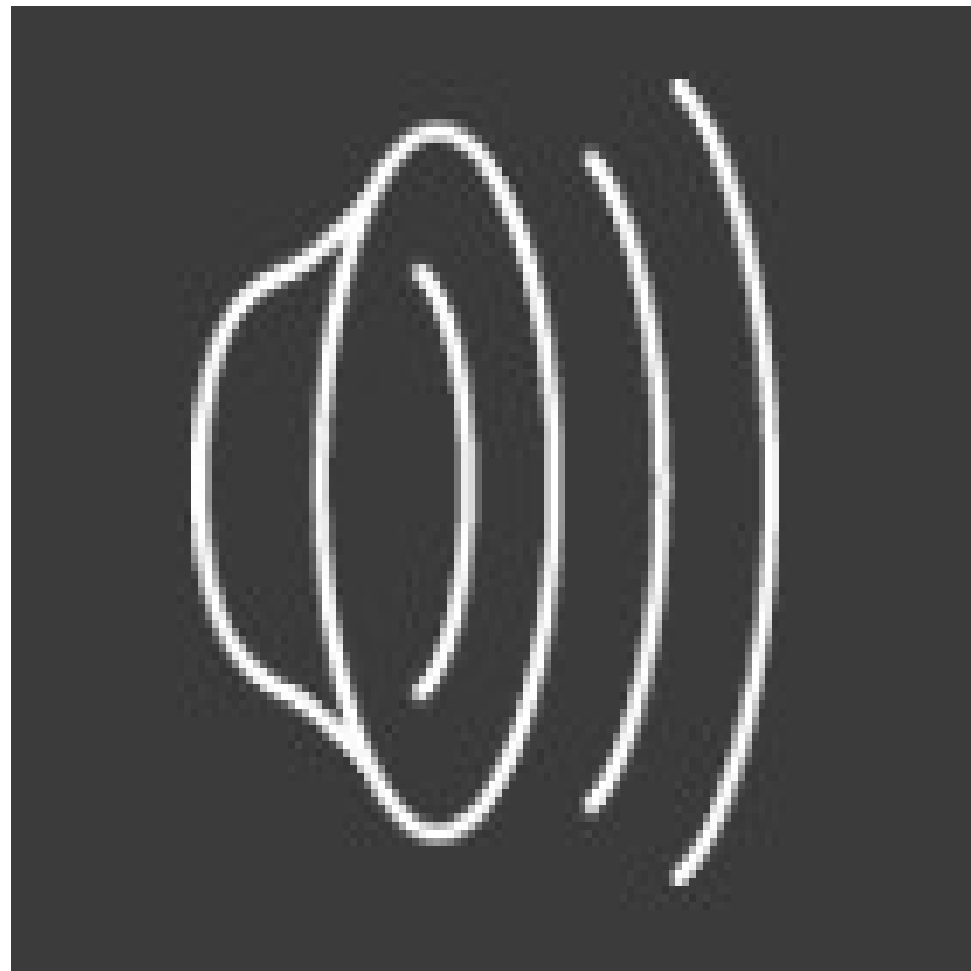
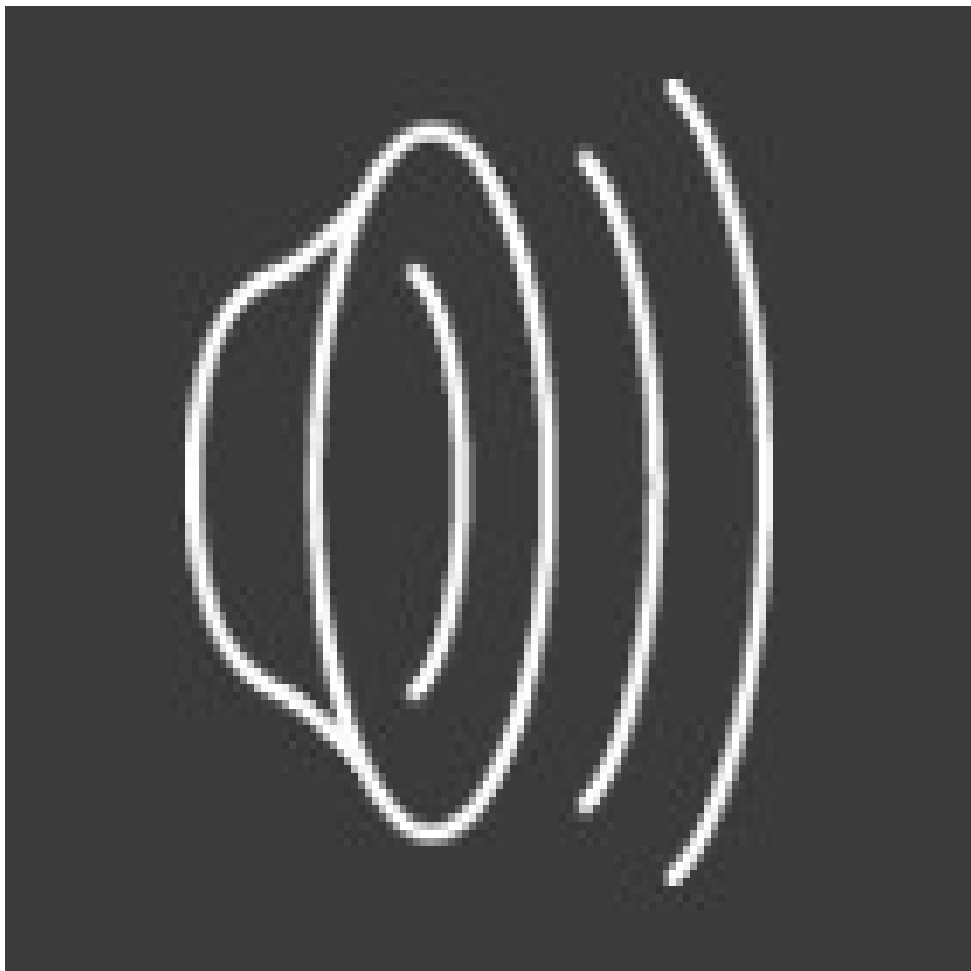


Results

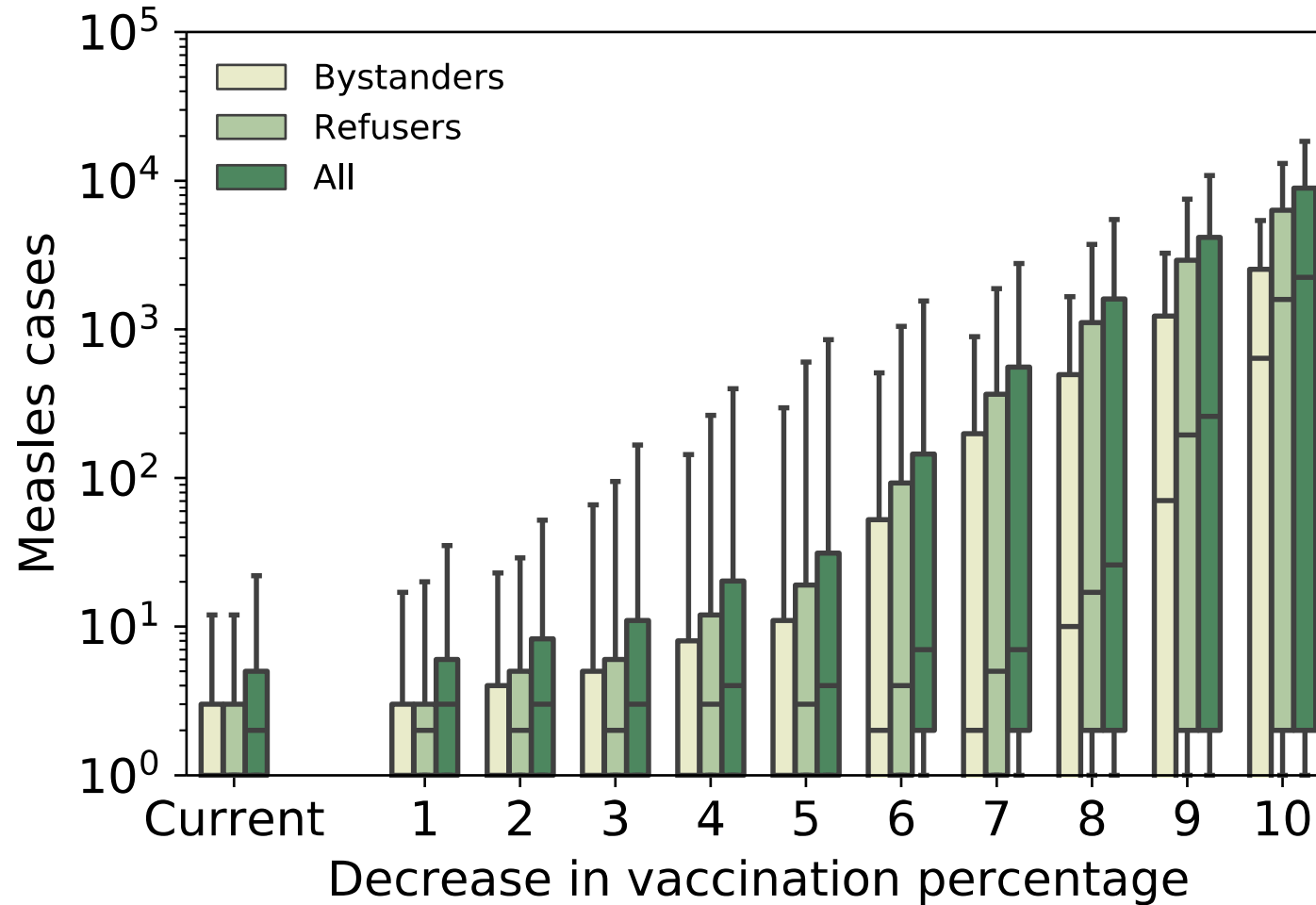


Conclusions

# Austin simulations



# Houston forecasts



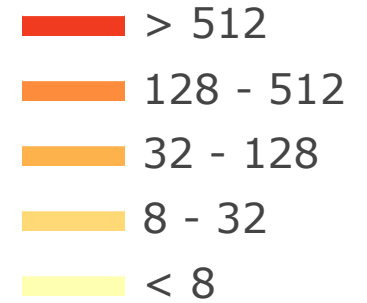
in bystanders  
 16 by 11% of bystanders  
 when cases > 25

Bystanders:

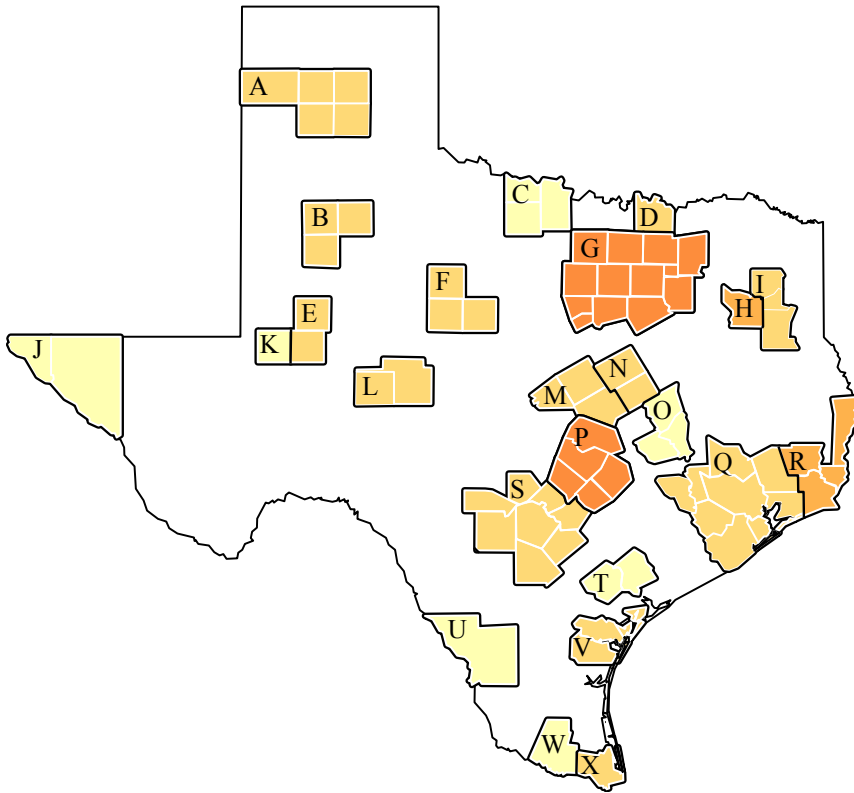
- Vaccine failed
- Medical exemption
- Unvaccinated adults

# Forecasts mapped

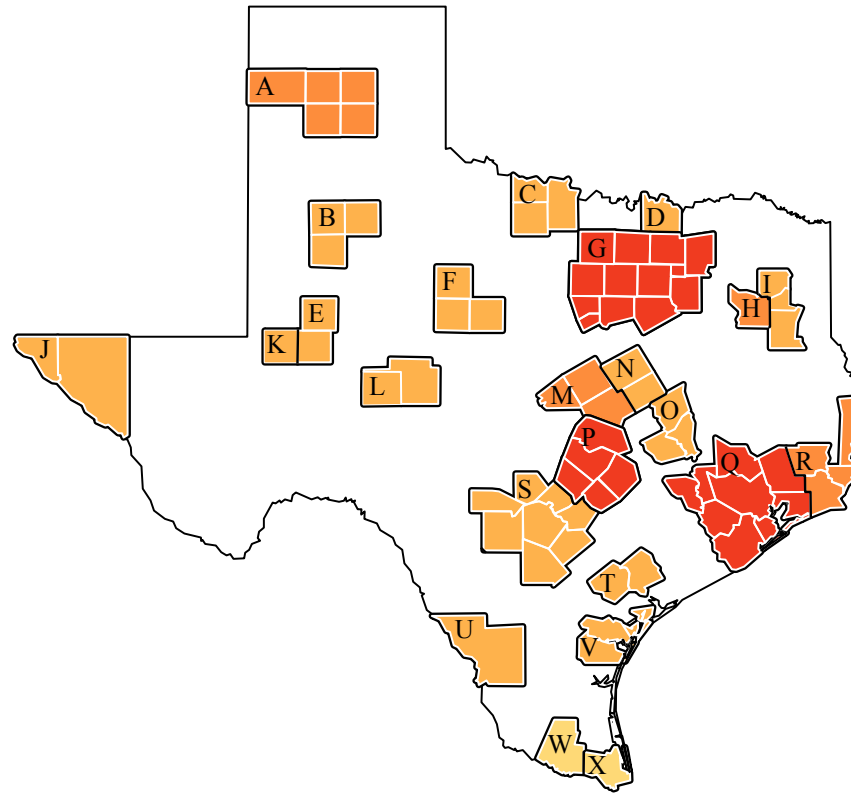
## Measles cases



- A - Amarillo
- B - Lubbock
- C - Wichita Falls
- D - Sherman-Denison
- E - Midland
- F - Abilene
- G - Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington
- H - Tyler
- I - Longview
- J - El Paso
- K - Odessa
- L - San Angelo
- M - Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood
- N - Waco
- O - College Station-Bryan
- P - Austin-Round Rock
- Q - Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land
- R - Beaumont-Port Arthur
- S - San Antonio
- T - Victoria
- U - Laredo
- V - Corpus Christi
- W - McAllen-Edinburg-Mission
- X - Brownsville-Harlingen

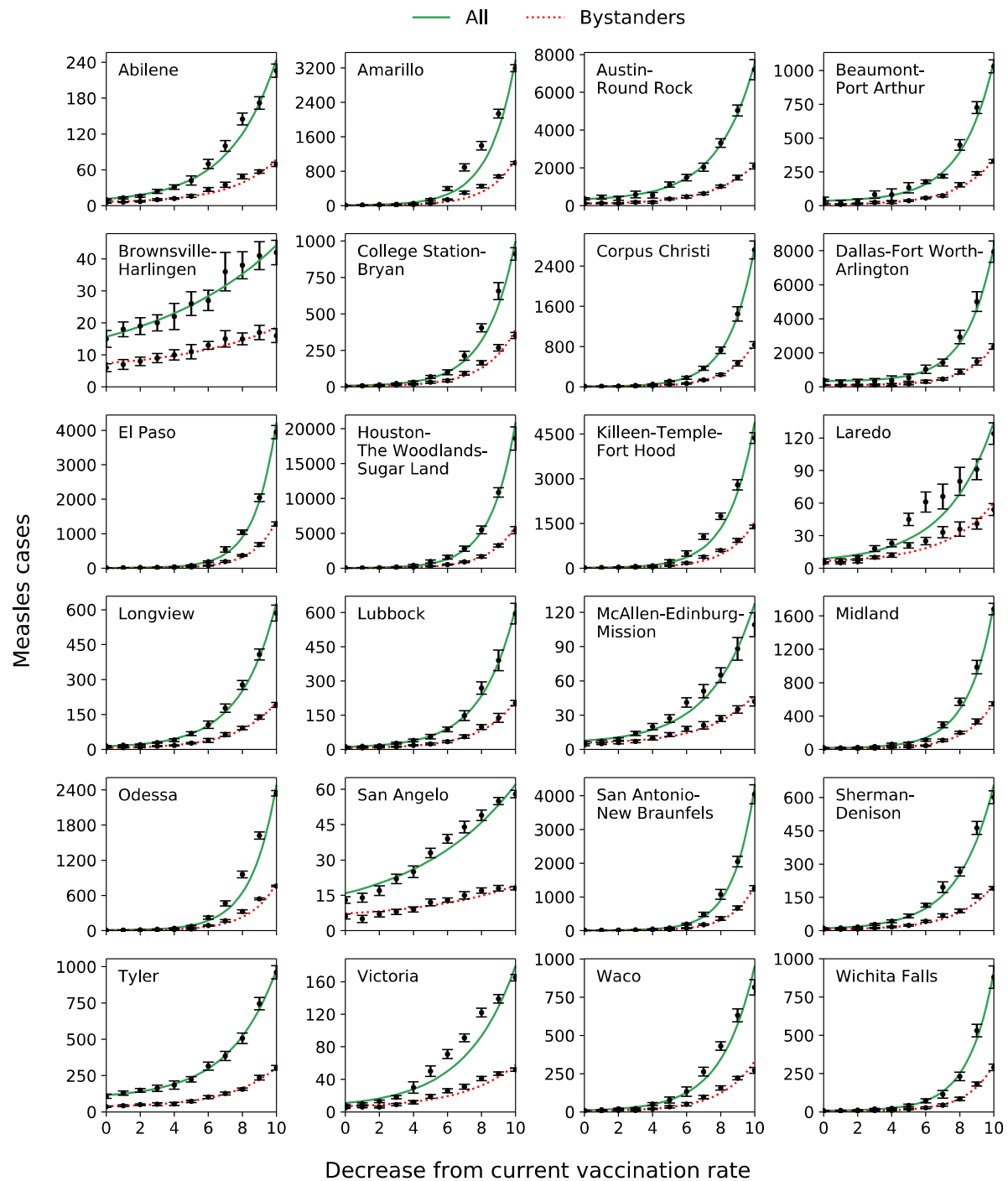


2018 vaccination rates



2018 -5% vaccination rates

# All metro areas



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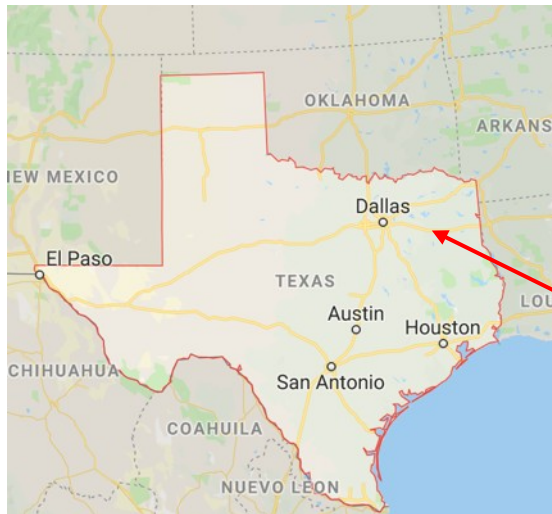
Results



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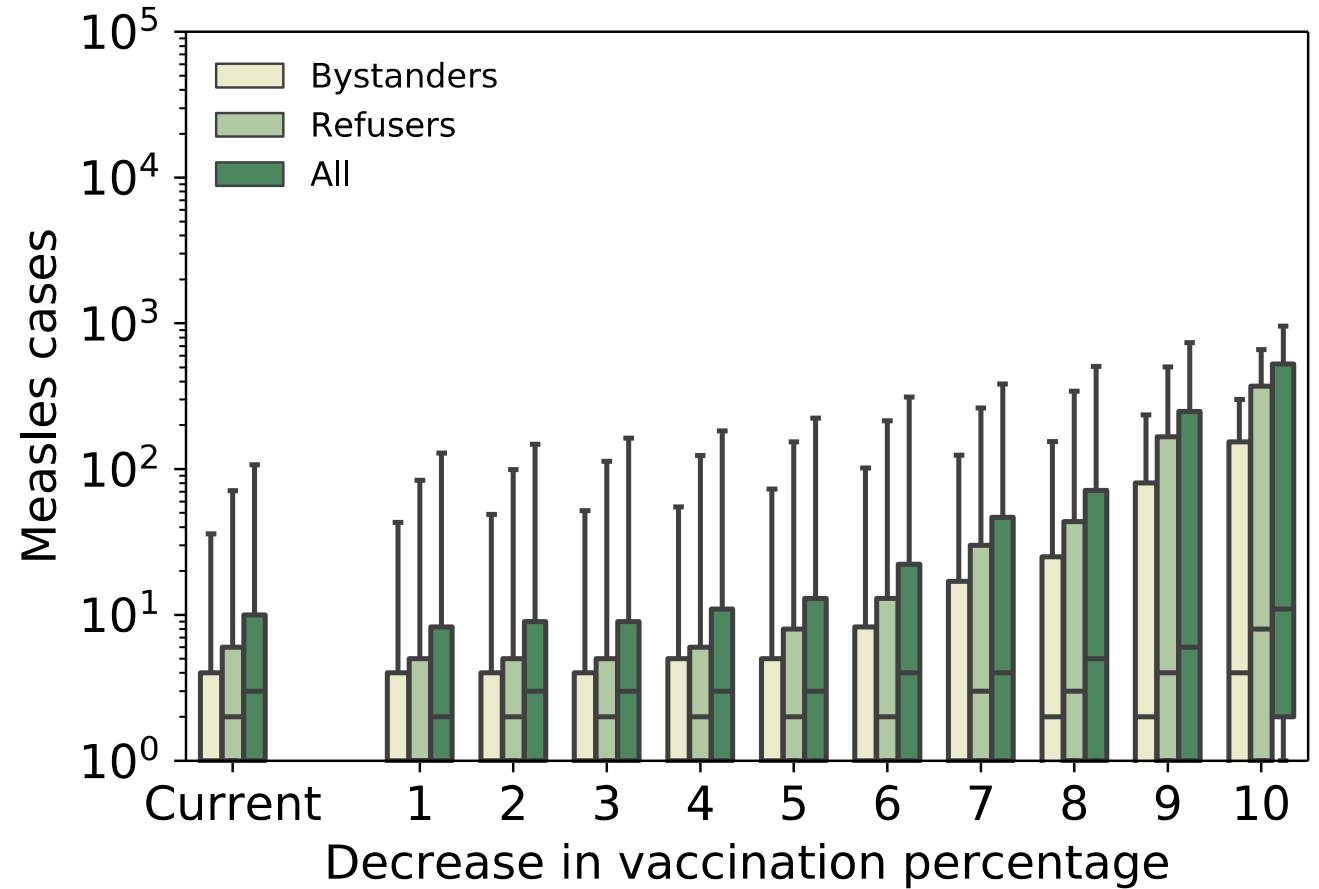
# Geographic clustering

Tyler  
210,000 people  
Outbreaks >100 now  
Two schools: 70% and 85% vaccinated



Map data ©2019  
Google

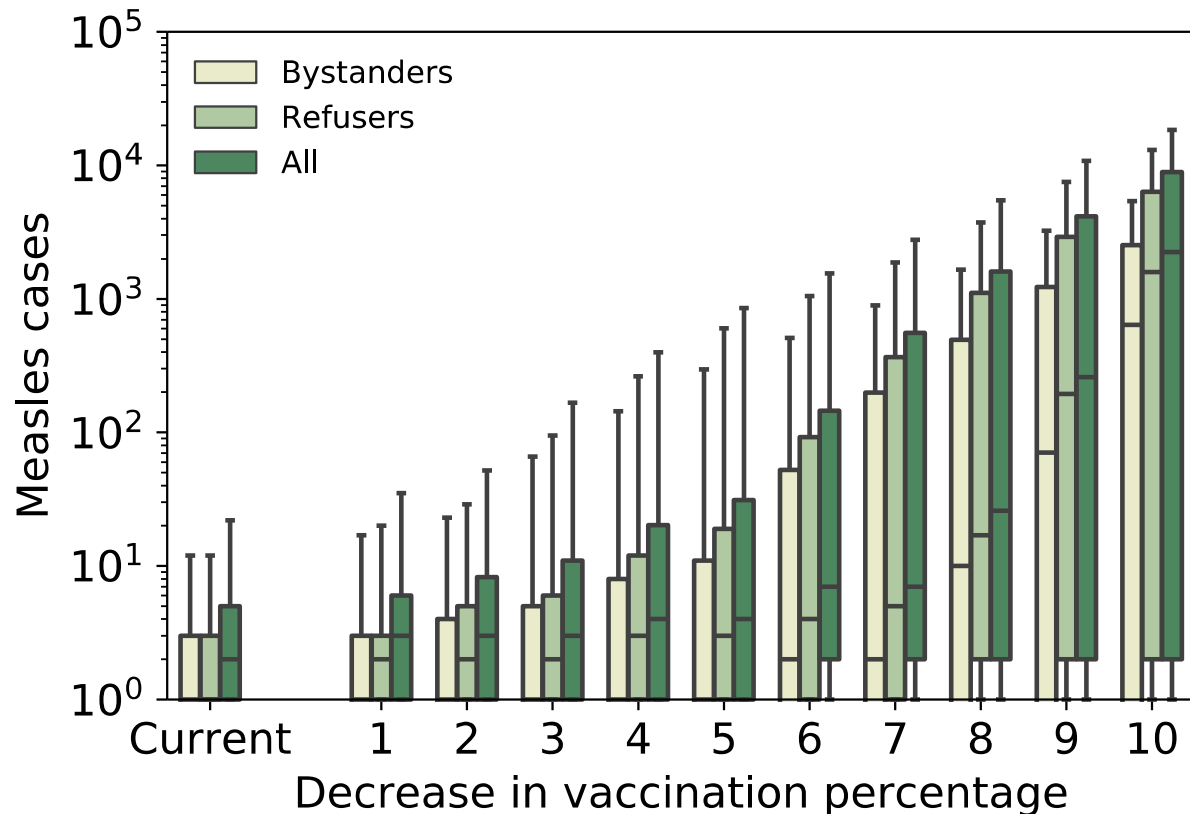
Tyler



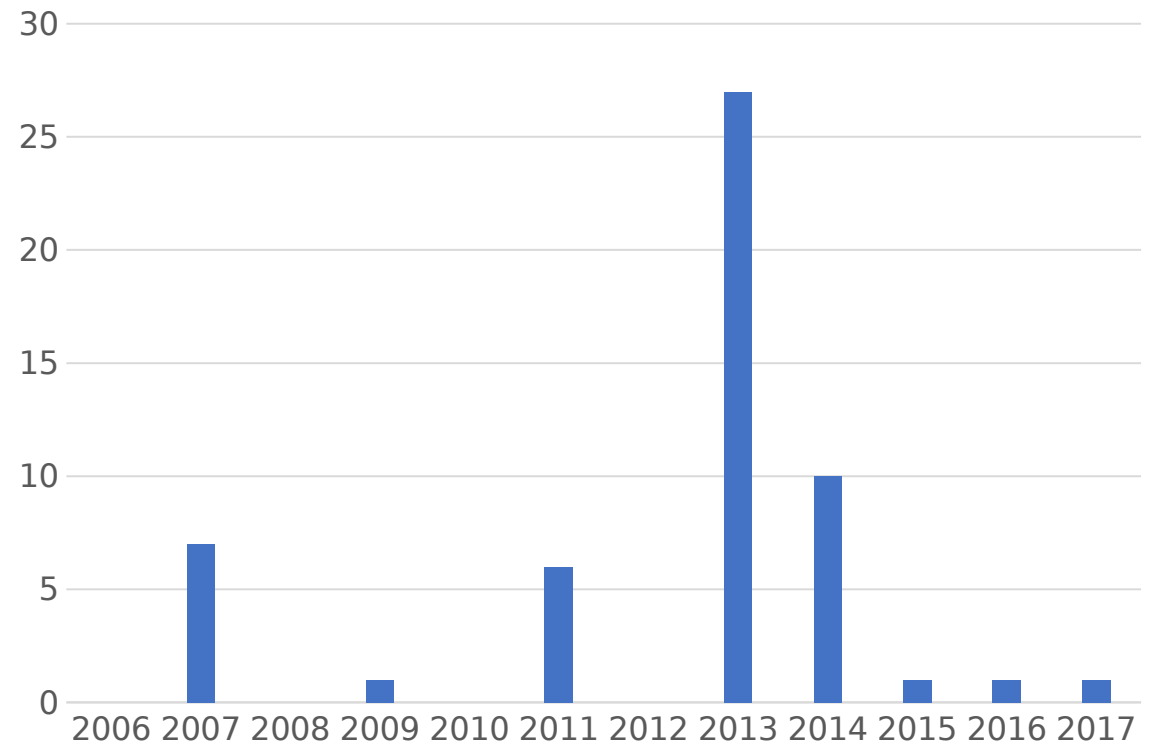


# Small outbreaks – false security?

Simulation forecast (Houston)



Annual reported cases (Texas)



# Personalize risks



VACCINE  
EFFICACY  
AND SAFETY  
WELL-  
ESTABLISHED



YET VACCINE  
HESITANCY  
GROWING



PERSONALISI  
NG  
FORECASTS  
MIGHT HELP?

# FRED Impact

"... Sen. Marty Block, a San Diego Democrat, said he was convinced to **vote "yes" after Pan showed him a computer modeling program [Link to FRED]** from the University of Pittsburgh that simulates how quickly a measles outbreak could spread depending on a community's vaccination rate."

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AP

**California, 11 other states introduce vaccine bills**

By [Andis Robeznieks](#) | April 22, 2015

Health officials have declared **California's measles outbreak** over, but the legislative response is just getting rolling.

The outbreak started at the Disneyland theme park and sickened 131 Californians and another 16 people from other states.

# Conclusions

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- Significant chance >400 cases in a measles outbreak in Texas now
- Continued reduction in vaccination rates may exponentially increase outbreak sizes
- 30-50% cases in bystanders
- Personalising risks can help reduce vaccine hesitancy