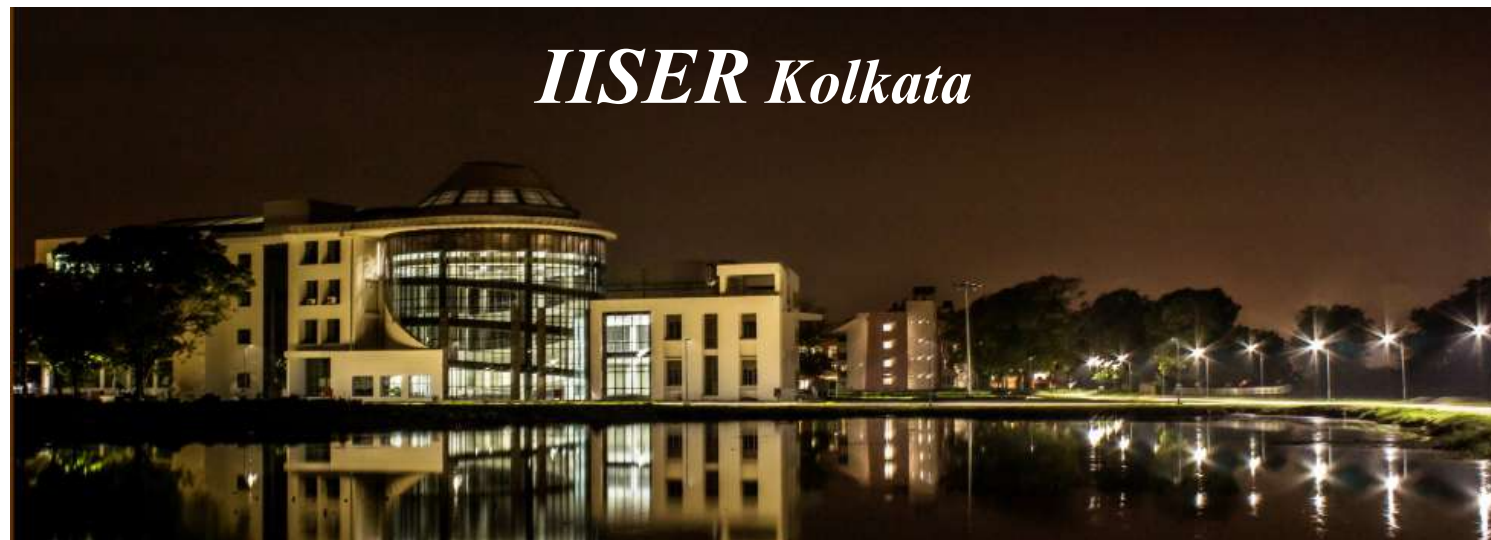


# Intermediate spectral properties of the $\beta$ - ensemble

arXiv:2112.11910 Phys. Rev. E 105, 054121 2022

Adway Kumar Das & Anandamohan Ghosh

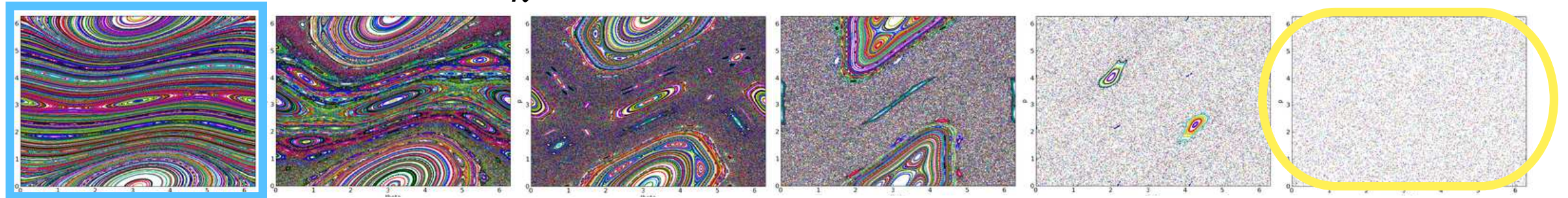


**ISPCM-2023 - ICTS**

# Quantum chaos $\longleftrightarrow$ Random Matrix Theory

Classical Kicked Rotor: 
$$H = \frac{p^2}{2} + k \cos(x) \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - n)$$

$k \longrightarrow$



$\longleftarrow$  Intermediate dynamics  $\longrightarrow$

Quantum Kicked Rotor:

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = H\psi$$

$$P(\vec{E}) = \frac{1}{Z_\beta} \exp\left(-\sum_{i=1}^N \frac{E_i^2}{2}\right) \prod_{i < j} |E_i - E_j|^\beta$$

- Classically integrable
- Poisson statistics  $\beta \rightarrow 0$
- Level clustering
- Localisation - non-ergodic

- Classically chaotic
- RMT  $\beta = 1$  ( 2, 4 )
- Level repulsion
- Extended states - ergodic

Wigner 1959; Bohigas, Giannoni, Schmit 1984; Berry 1985; Haake 1991; Mehta 1991.....

## Intermediate Statistics $\longrightarrow$ *Generalized Random Matrix Models*

- Wigner-Dyson Ensemble ( $\beta = 1, 2, 4$ ):  $H_{nn} \in \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$  &  $H_{nm} \in \mathcal{N}(0, \frac{\beta}{2})$
- Rosenzweig-Porter Ensemble (RPE 1960):  $\hat{H}_{nn} \in \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma_d^2)$  &  $\hat{H}_{nm} \in \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma_o^2)$

Berry & Shukla 2009, Das & Ghosh 2019, Khaymovich & Kravtsov 2021

- Random Banded Matrices (RBM):  $G_{mn} = H_{mn} f(|m - n|)$

Casati et al. 1991, Mirlin et al. 1996, Bogomolny & Giraud 2011, Pandey, Kumar, Puri 2020

- Deformed Ensemble (DGOE, DCE, DPE):  $\mathcal{H} = H_0 + \lambda V$

Guhr & Weidenmuller 1989, Hussein & Pato 1993, Das & Ghosh 2022

•  
•  
•

# Matrix model for $\beta$ ensemble

Dumitriu & Edelman 2002

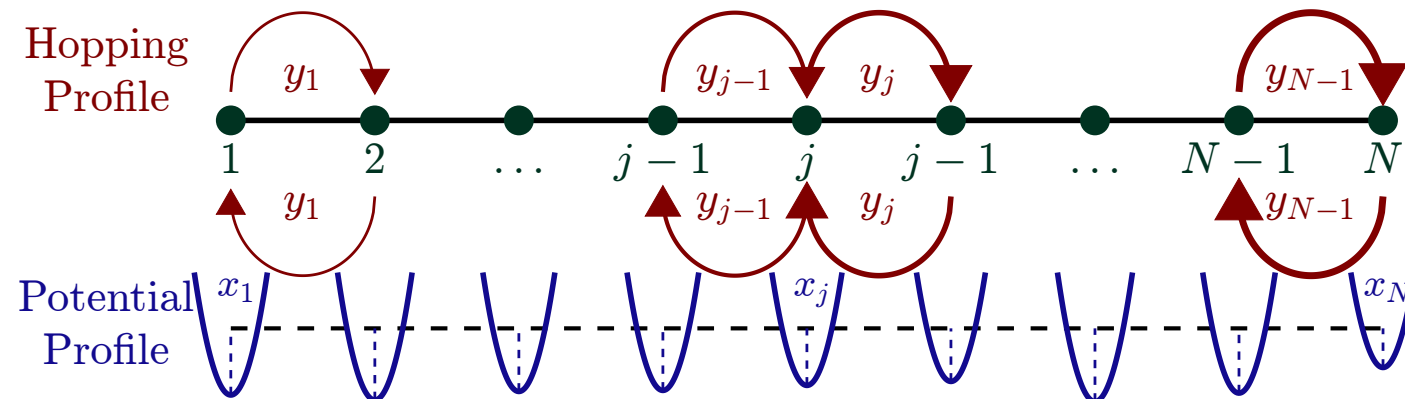
Wigner-Dyson ensemble  $\xrightarrow{\text{Successive Householder}}$  Tridiagonal  $H_\beta = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & y_1 & & \\ y_1 & x_2 & y_2 & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots \\ & & y_{N-2} & x_{N-1} & y_{N-1} \\ & & & y_{N-1} & x_N \end{bmatrix}$

$\beta = 1, 2, 4$

$x_n \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1), \sqrt{2}y_n \sim \chi_{n\beta} \quad \beta \in \mathbb{R}^+$

$y_n$ 's increase along lattice

Lattice picture:  $\hat{H}_\beta = \sum_{n=1}^N x_n |n\rangle \langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{N-1} y_n (|n+1\rangle \langle n| + \text{H.c.})$



- Spectral properties ?
- Transitions ?

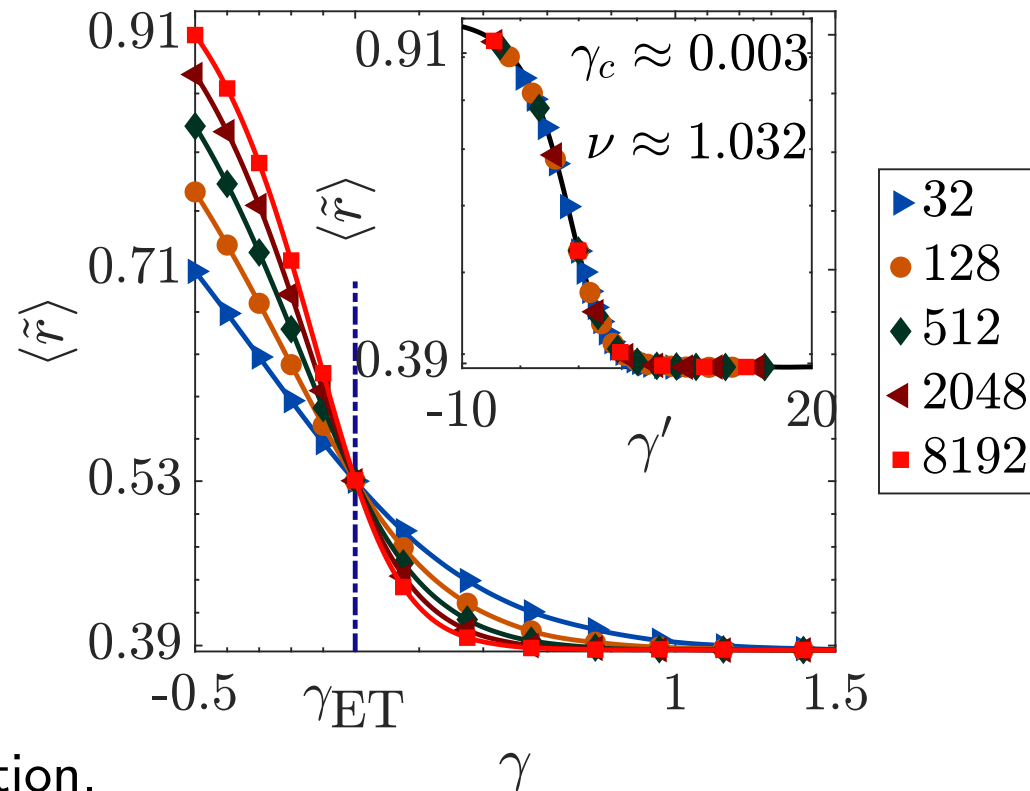
$\beta = N^{-\gamma}$

## Energy levels: Short-range correlations in RNNS

$$r_j = \min\left(\tilde{r}_j, \frac{1}{\tilde{r}_j}\right)$$

Oganesyan & Huse 2007

$$\tilde{r}_j = \frac{E_{j+1} - E_j}{E_j - E_{j-1}}$$



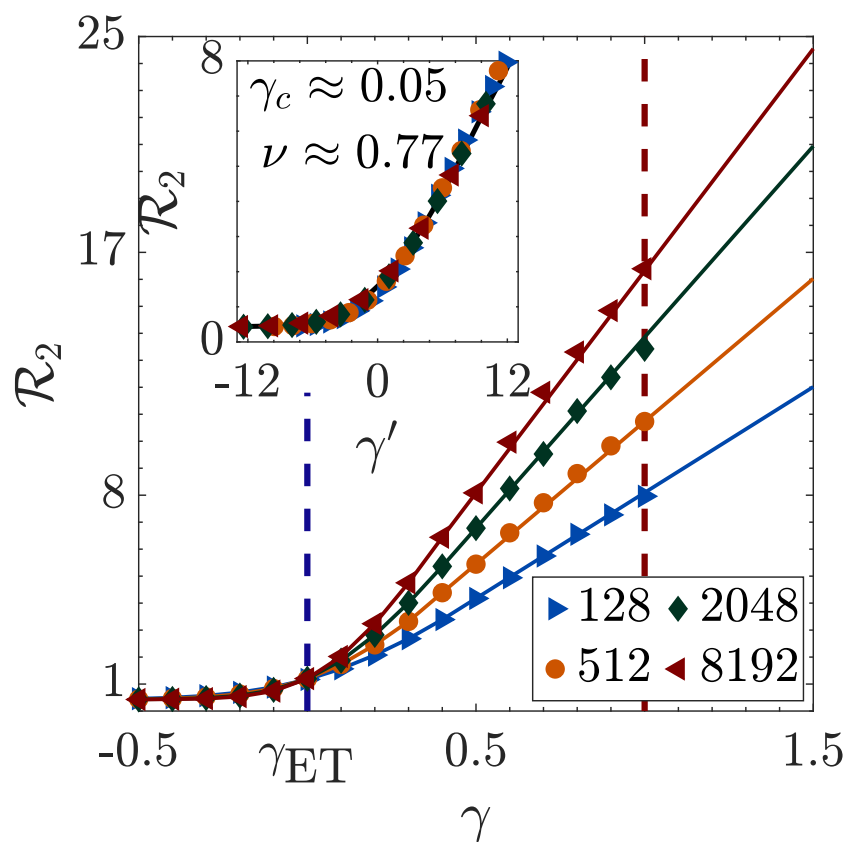
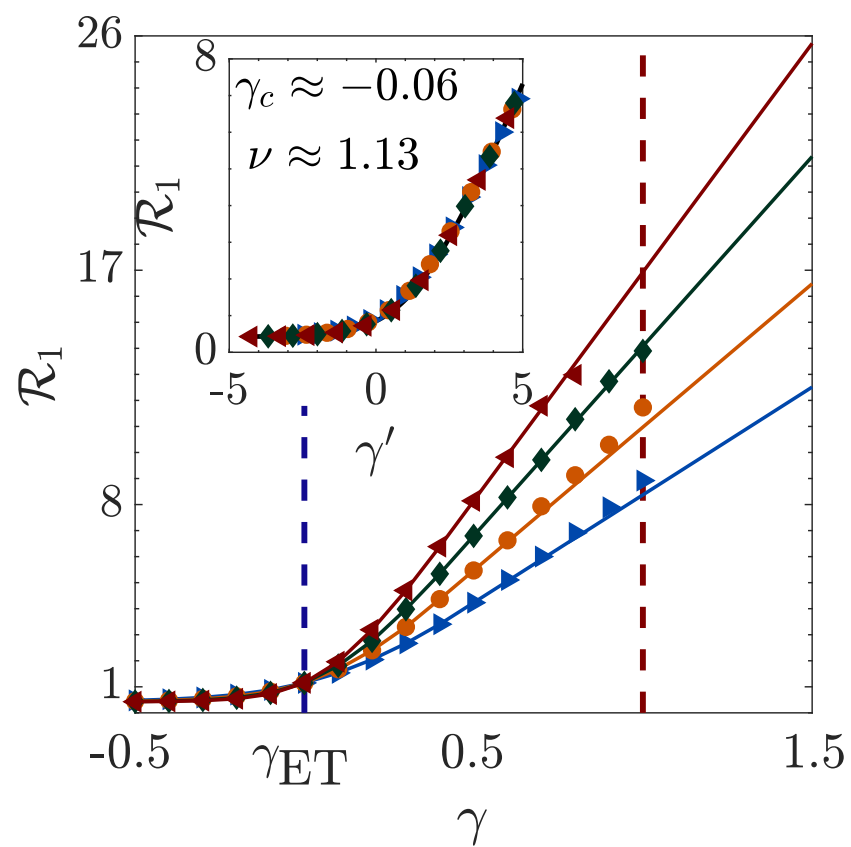
## Energy states: Ergodicity

$\Psi_i^j(k) \rightarrow k^{\text{th}}$  element of  $i^{\text{th}}$  state of the  $j^{\text{th}}$  realization.

$$\mathcal{R}_1 = -2 \ln \left( \sum_{k=1}^N |\Psi_i^j(k) \Psi_{i+1}^j(k)| \right)$$

$$\mathcal{R}_2 = -2 \ln \left( \sum_{k=1}^N |\Psi_i^j(k) \Psi_{i+1}^{j'}(k)| \right)$$

Nagy & Romera 2015



$$A(\gamma, N) \propto f((\gamma - \gamma_c)(\ln N)^{1/\nu})$$

$$\nu \approx 1$$

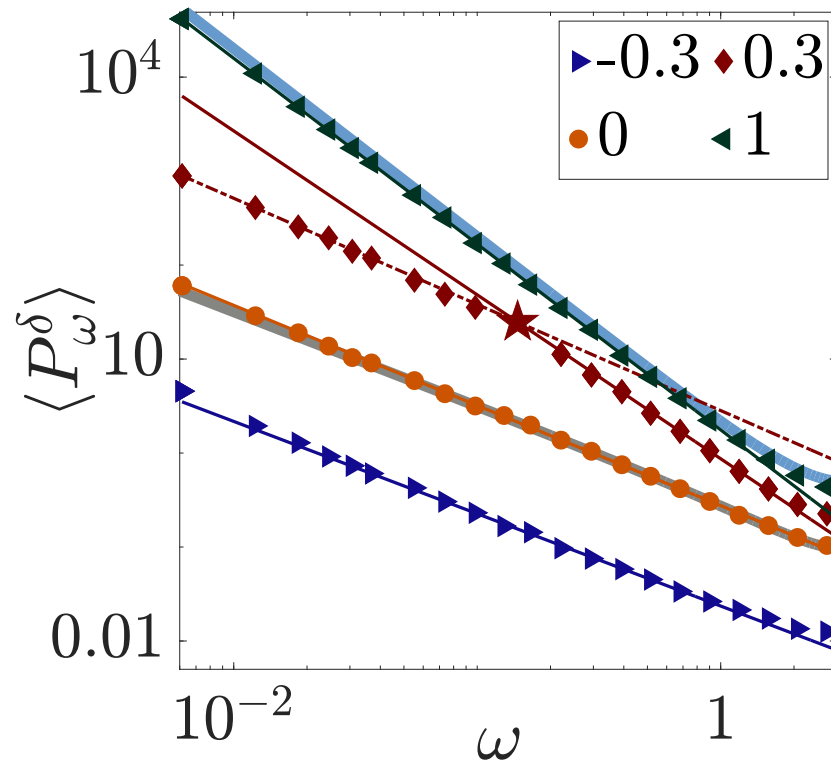
$$\gamma = \gamma_{ET} \approx 0$$

$$\beta \approx 1$$

# Energy levels: Long-range correlations in power spectrum

Corps, Relano ...

$$\delta_n = E_n - \bar{E}$$

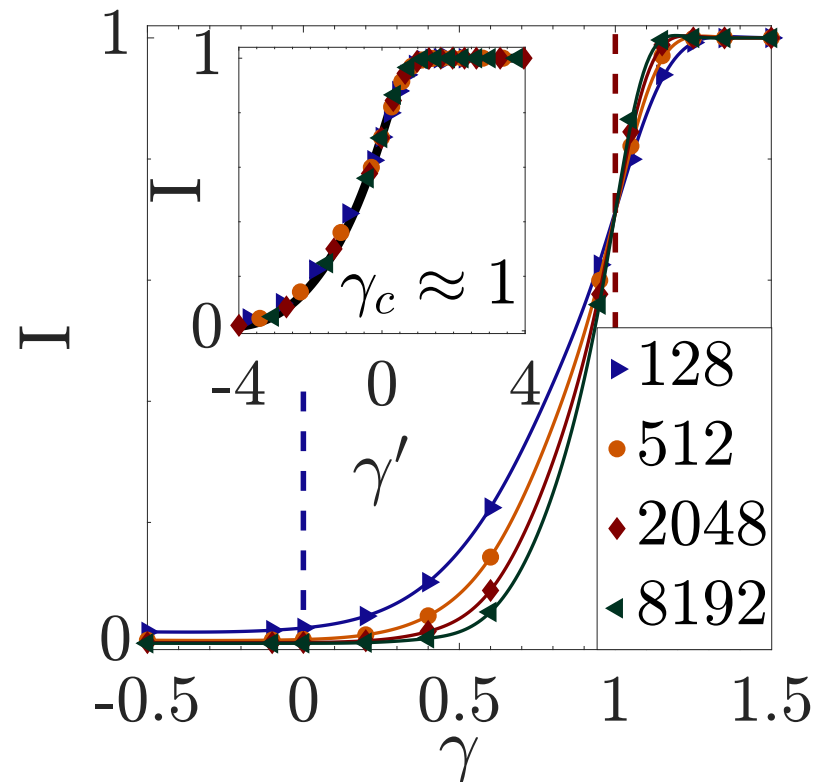


- $\gamma < 0 : P_\omega^\delta \propto \frac{1}{\omega} \implies \{E\}$  correlated
- $0 < \gamma < 1 : \text{heterogeneity}$ 
  - $\omega < \omega_c : P_\omega^\delta \propto \frac{1}{\omega} \implies \text{correlated}$
  - $\omega > \omega_c : P_\omega^\delta \propto \frac{1}{\omega^2} \implies \text{independent}$
- $\gamma > 1 : \text{uncorrelated}$

# Energy states: Localization

Inverse Participation Ratio (IPR):

$$I = \sum_{i=1}^N |\Psi_i|^4$$



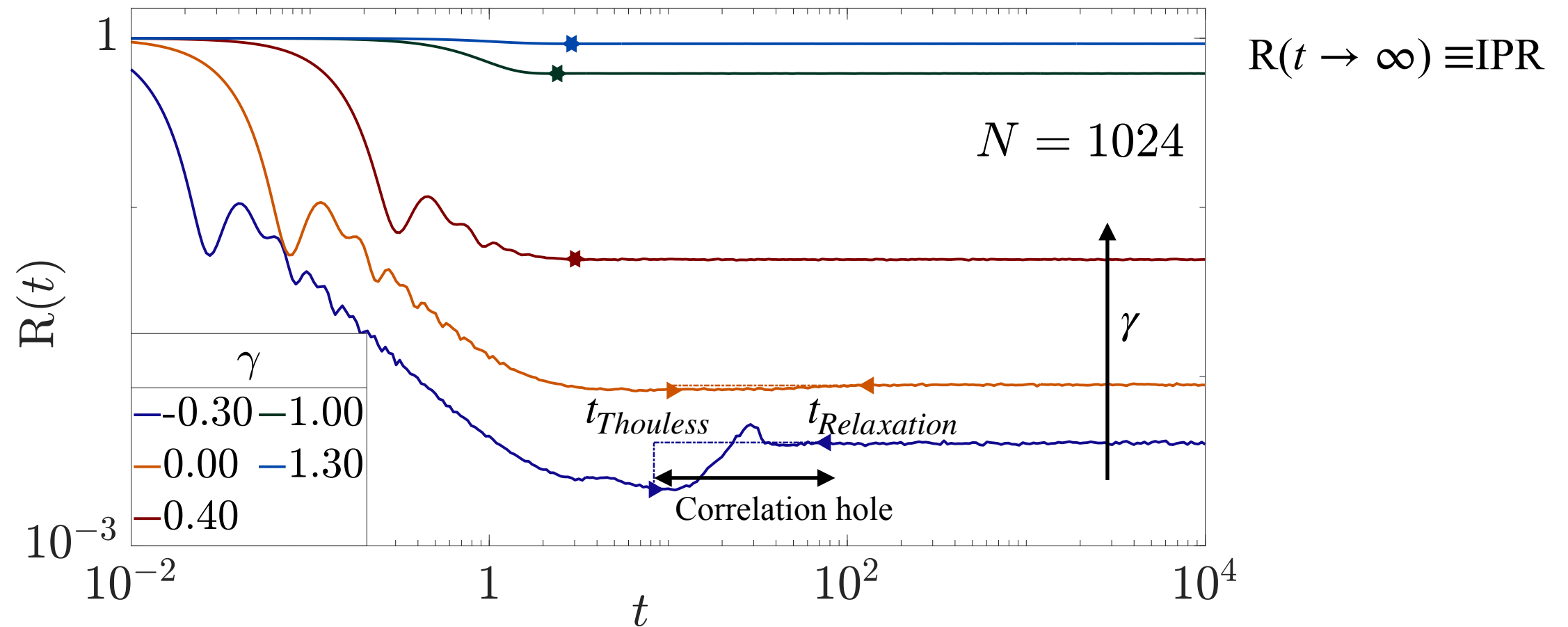
$$\gamma = \gamma_{AT} \approx 1$$

$$\beta \approx \frac{1}{N}$$

# Dynamical signatures : Survival probability

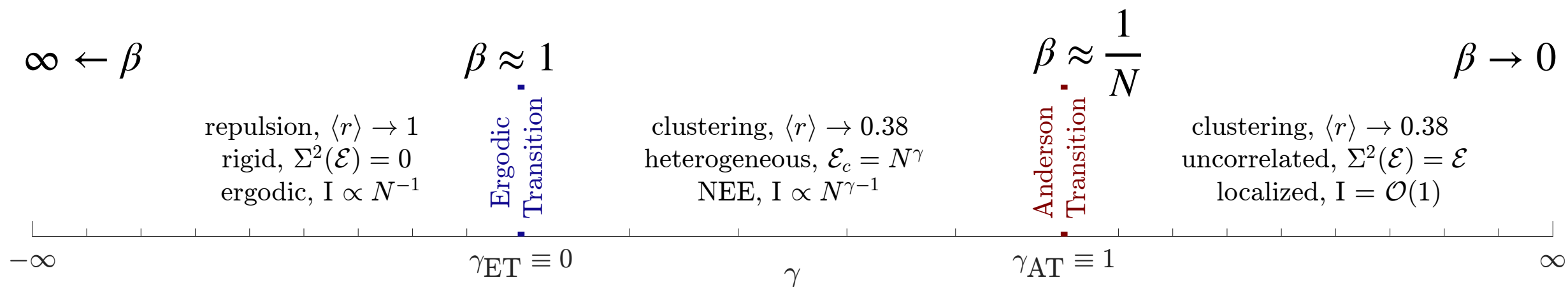
$$R(t) = |\langle j | j(t) \rangle|^2 = \left| \sum_{k=1}^N |\phi_k^{(j)}|^2 e^{-iE_k t} \right|^2$$

Torres-Herrera & Lea Santos 2017





# Non-Ergodic Extended (NEE) states in $\beta$ ensembles

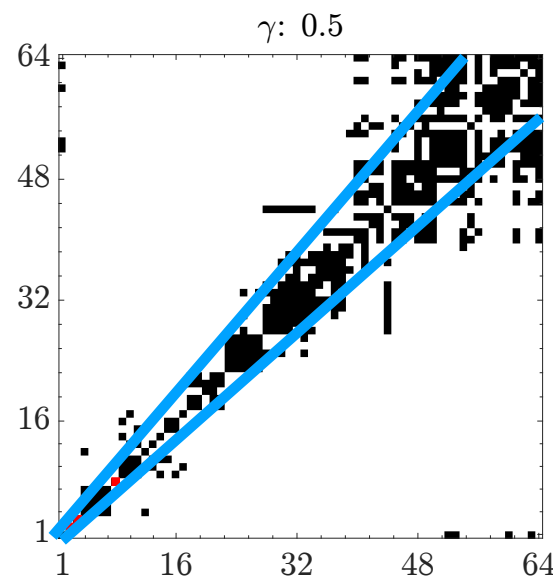


$$C_{ij} = \sum_k |\Psi_i(k)\Psi_j(k)|$$

$$= 1 \quad i=j$$

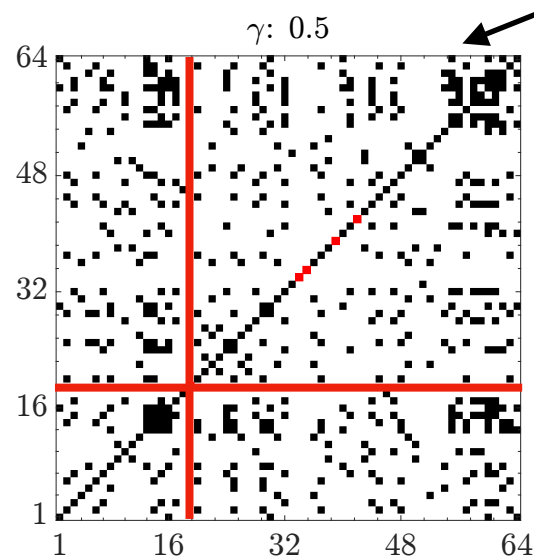
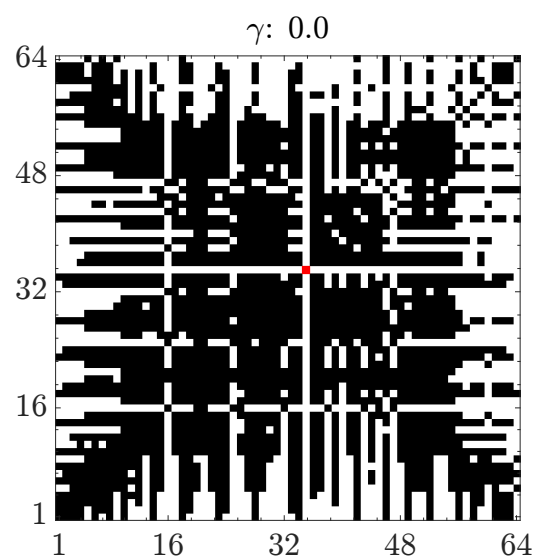
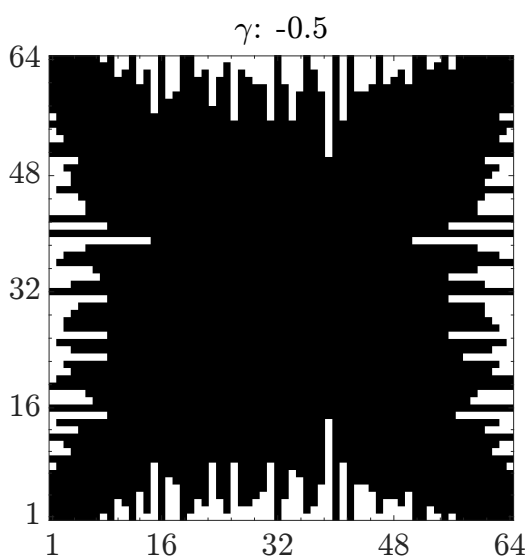
$$\approx \frac{2}{\pi} \quad \text{Ergodic (Berry)}$$

$$\sum_{i \text{ and } j} C_{ij} = 0 \quad \text{Localized}$$

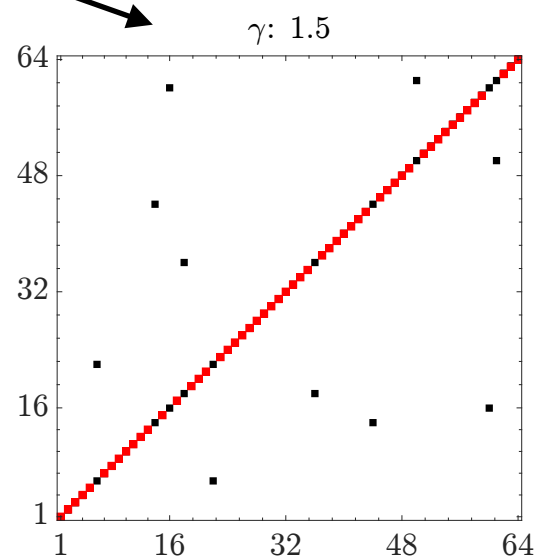
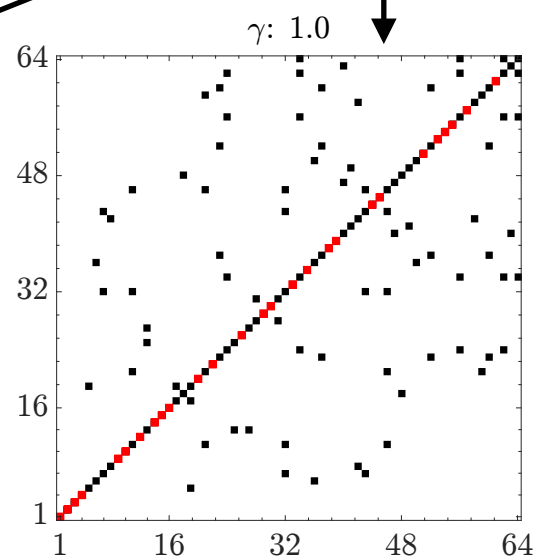


Sites ordered by localization centers

$N^\gamma$  localized states in NEE



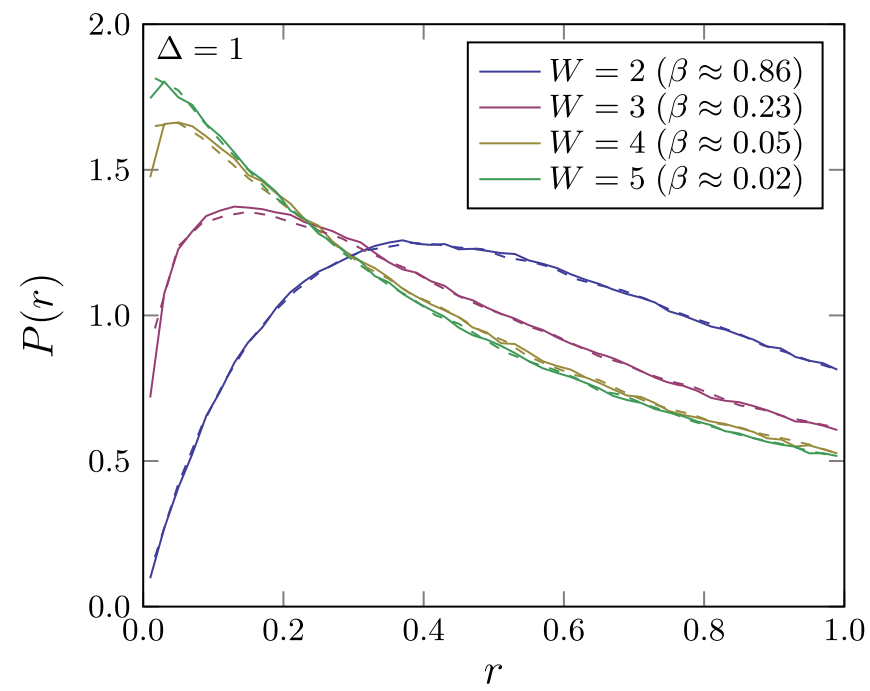
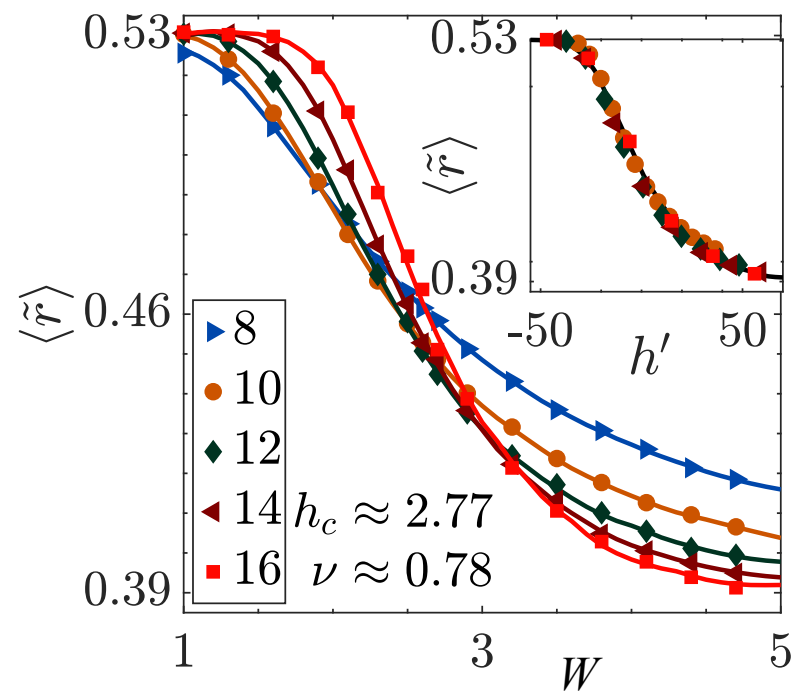
Sites ordered by  $E_i$





## $\beta$ ensembles $\longleftrightarrow$ spin chains

$$H = \sum_{i=1}^L (S_i^x S_{i+1}^x + S_i^y S_{i+1}^y + \Delta S_i^z S_{i+1}^z) + \sum_{i=1}^L h_i S_i^z \quad h \in [-W : W]$$



Buijsman et al. 2019

Higher order statistics?  
Long-range correlations?

## $\beta - h$ ensemble

$$\mathcal{P}_h^\beta(E_1, \dots, E_N) = Z_N^{-1} \prod_{i=0}^N |E_i - E_{i+1}|^\beta \cdots |E_i - E_{i+h}|^\beta$$

Sierant & Zakrzewski 2020

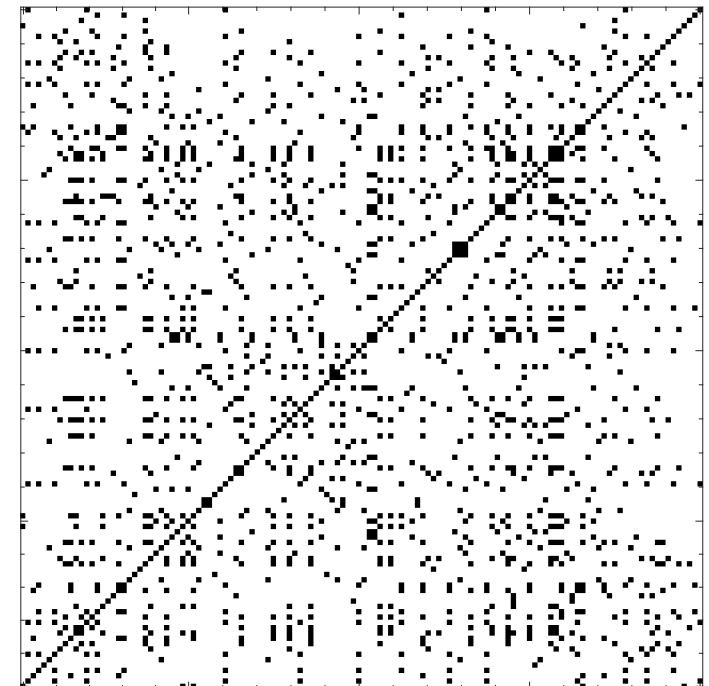
## Summary

- Non-Ergodic Extended states
- *Neighbouring energy* states do not overlap
- Coexistence of localised - extended states

Das and Ghosh 2022

Phys. Rev. E 105, 054121

[arXiv:2112.11910](https://arxiv.org/abs/2112.11910)



## Ongoing projects....

- Anomalous Localization
- Ground states vs. Bulk states
- Absence of mobility edge
- Local equivalence to Anderson model
- $\beta - h$  model

with **Ivan Khaymovich**

**Nordita**

***THANK YOU***

STATPHYS Kolkata XII

18-22 December 2023

- Transport phenomena
- Biological systems
- Many-body physics
- Hydrodynamics and fluctuations
- Machine learning